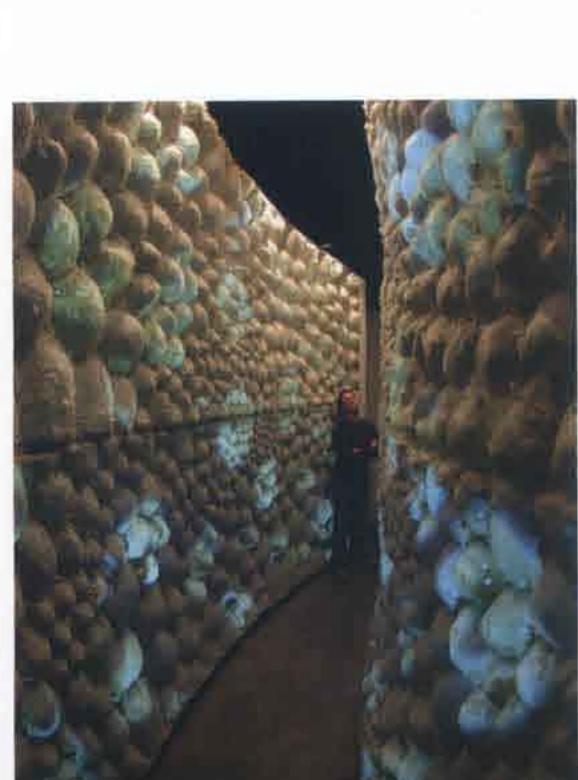


John Grade is a connoisseur of dissolution. Over the past few years, his art has been an exercise in refined decomposition. This is not to deny his consummate skill as a craftsman and engineer, however. Indeed, at the core of Grade's work lies a vital dichotomy between masterful execution and planned ruination. Such a creative interplay of control and abandon has produced a compelling series of sculptural projects.

Since receiving a BFA from Pratt Institute in 1992, the Seattle-based Grade (pronounced GRAD-deh) has gained recognition for meticulously wrought sculptures in dialogue with the landscape. Grade's involvement with the laws of disintegration was fueled by his travels and geographic study. An avid hiker and mountain climber, he has traversed the terrain of five continents, from Utah to Uganda, Ireland to India. Often traveling for days without encountering people, Grade is on intimate terms with the earth's topography, keeping close company with deserts and oceans, canyons and cliffs.

These far-flung excursions found expression in Grade's work of the late 1990s through 2004. Several sculptures from this period were organic abstractions, suggestive mergers of animal, vegetable and mineral forms. With titles such as Stem, Swell, Rift and Hide, these early works evoke the systems and structures of growth.

Grade's familiarity with natural cycles was furthered by his interest in ancient



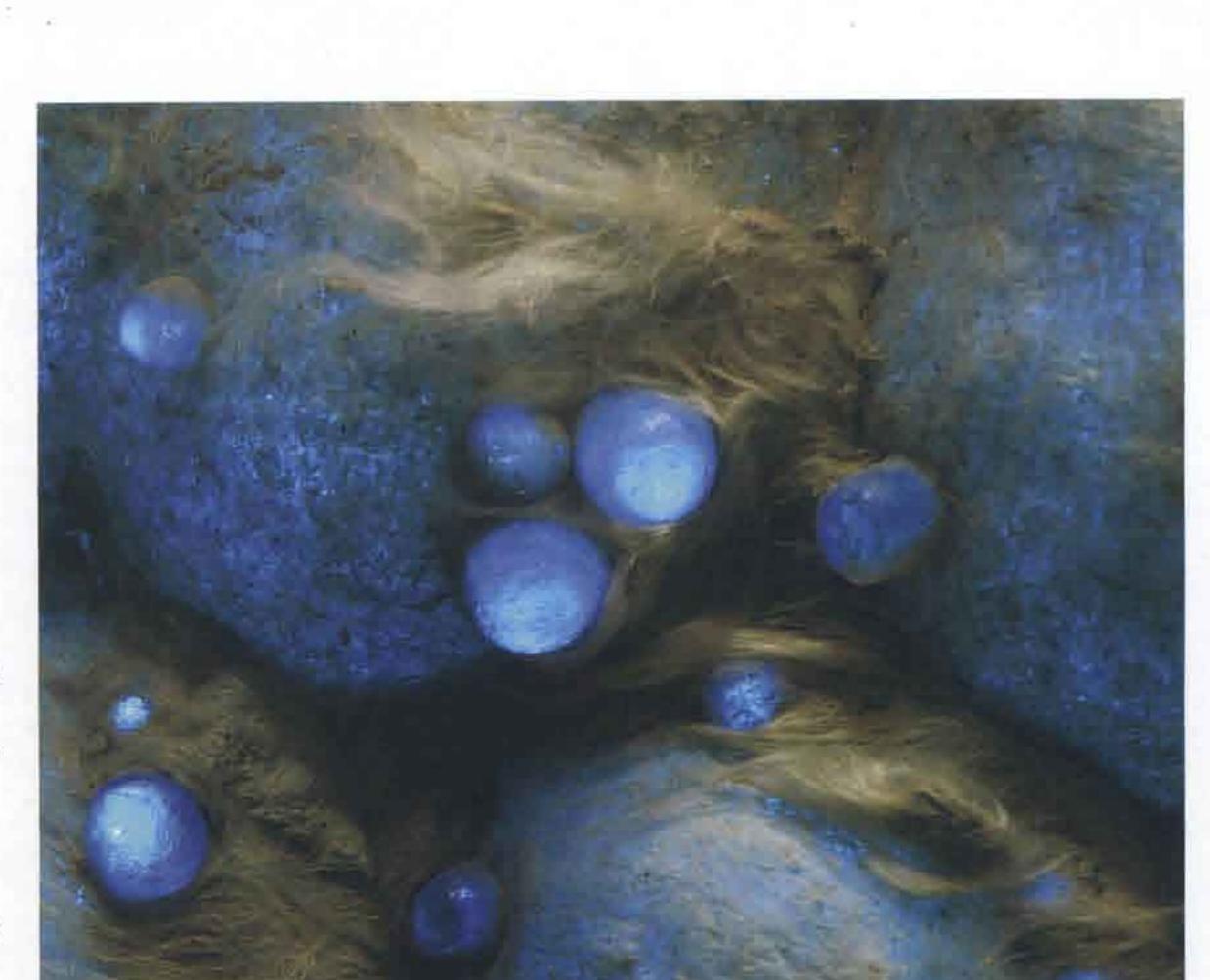
Above: Detail of Cleave showing the surface backlit with video projection.

the viewer.

of Egypt, the tree trunk tombs of Vietnam or the funeral towers of Peru-he pondered the ways that human remains were returned to the land. Grade himself has had brushes with death: once while Left: An environment trapped in a mountain crevasse, and another time he nearly unto itself, Cleave, 2006, drowned in a canyon. This taste of mortality, and of nature's ferocmade of clay, goat fur, ity, has come to inform Grade's sculptural inquiries. In addition, cast resin and video projections, 13 x 21/6 x 24 his research into catastrophe theory provided him with a taxonoft., forms an imposing my of collapse and insight into how things fall apart. Grade's focus interior passageway for on funerary rites and the dynamics of disaster does not bespeak a morbid mind or even an acceptance of death's inevitability. Rather, the artist proceeds from a stance of curiosity. "I can't say that I accept death, but I do think it's interesting," he admits. "Dying is messy, and the failure of the body can be frightening, but this breaking down inspires my work." It is precisely Grade's embrace of the splendor of decay that makes his art so engaging.

Grade's sculpture Cleave, 2006, marked a turning point in his efforts to convey the landscape's potent grip. The work is partly rooted in his experience of being caught in a ravine, an event at once frightful and sublime. While his earlier sculptures were selfcontained entities that reflected natural environs, Cleave is an environment unto itself that immerses viewers in a shifting realm of texture, light and smell. Inside the large passageway coated with goat hair and clay, one is consumed by the earth's sensual cleavage, replete with wonder and fear.

Cleave also signaled Grade's shift toward installation and the >

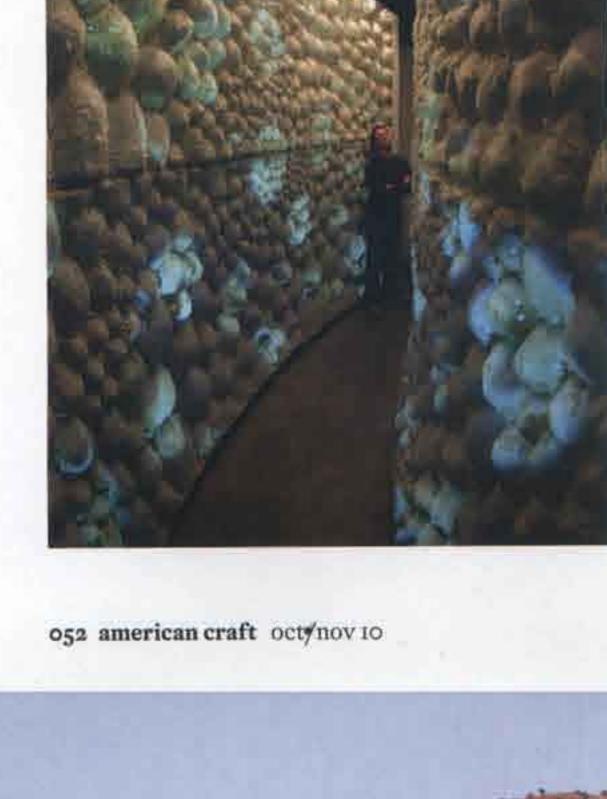


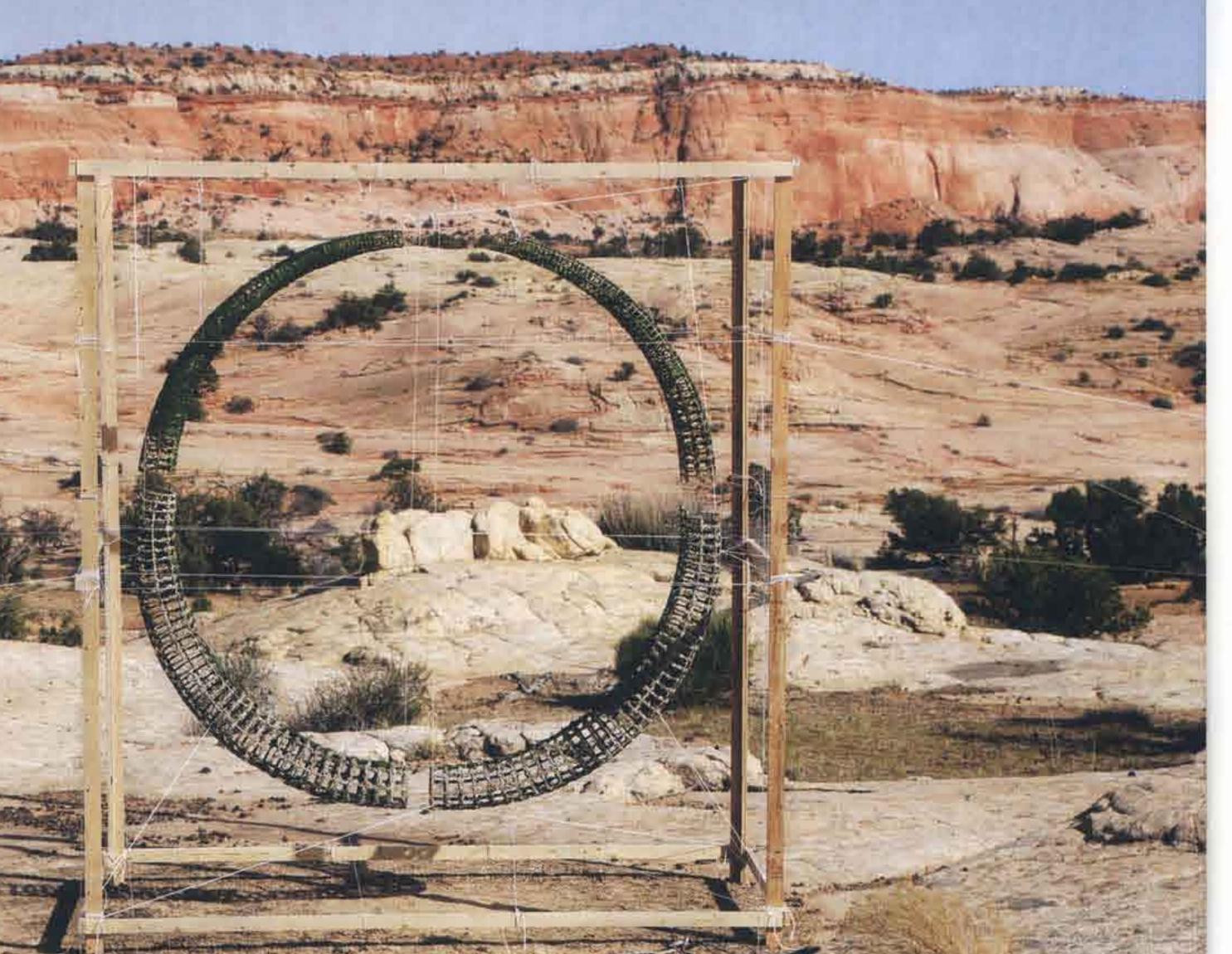
burial practices. Visiting funerary sites-whether the pyramids

Above and left: Collector in its first outdoor phase, immersion in Willapa Bay, beginning March 2007, where it provided a bed for oysters to collect and grow while also acquiring seaweed, barnacles

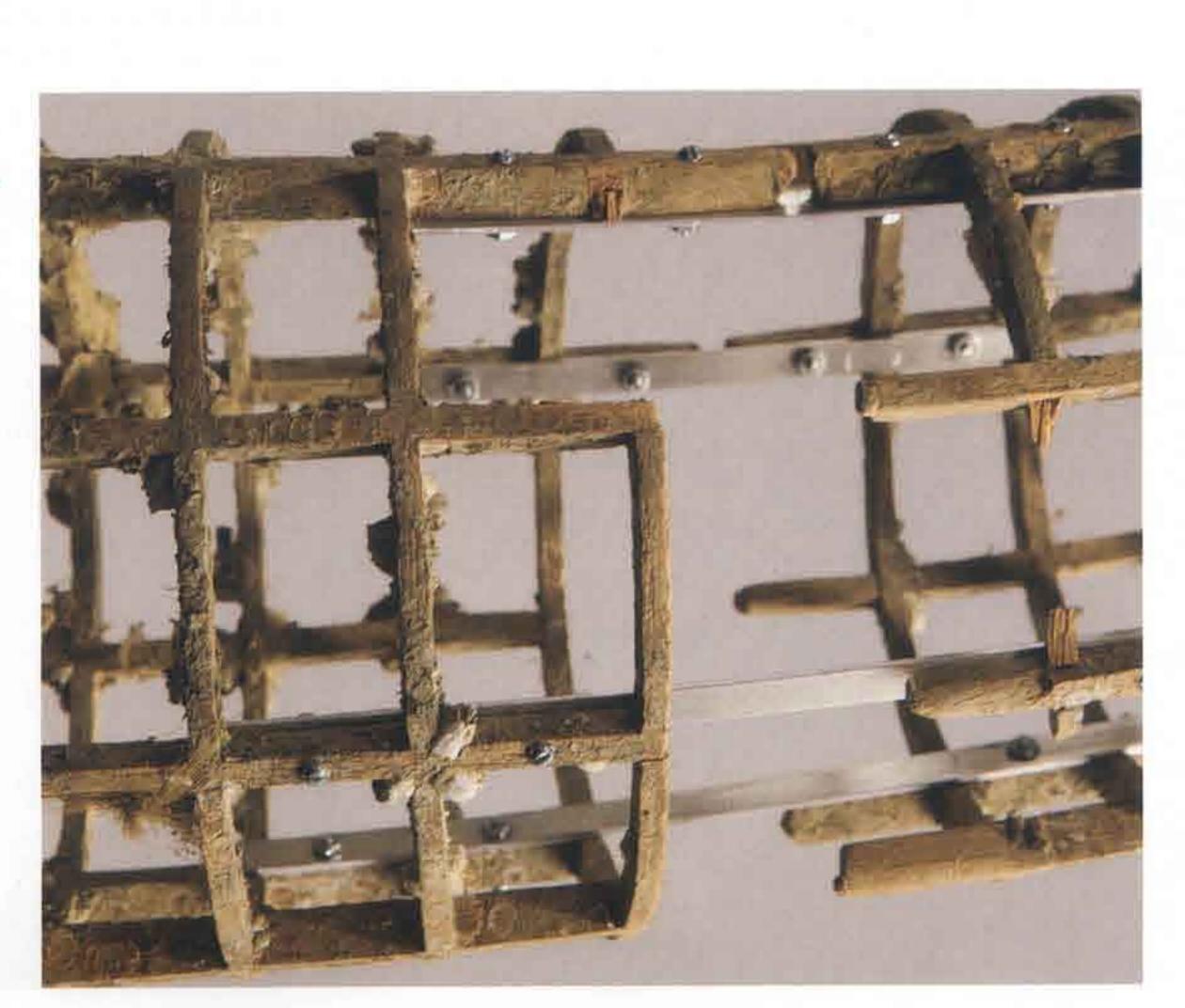
and other marine life.

oct/nov 10 american craft o53





Above and right: Collector in its second outdoor phase, sited in Utah on the Escalante Plateau in a framework made by Grade so that desert birds could feed on the aquatic crust and the sun could roast it dry.



o54 american craft oct/nov id

all but birds), the sculpture lived out its

Grade's latest site-specific project,

a project of epic proportions. To stage

the adventure of this five-ton sculpture

labor, five paid workers, 30 volunteers

and an additional 150 helpers to lug the

ceramic, gypsum, resin and netting, all

decompose, the monumental work will

Washington Cascades, in January 2011,

Circuit was exhibited in New York and

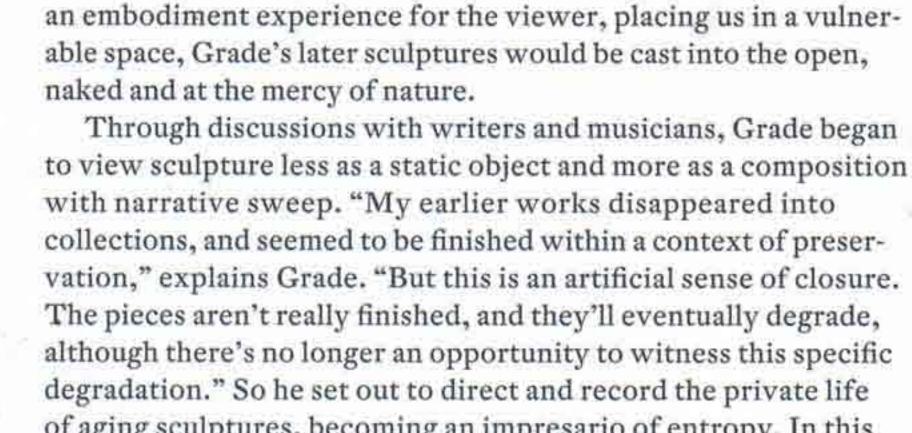
Seattle. At the Cynthia Reeves Gallery

in New York City, the pod-like units

Prior to its remote placement on the

tain in the Pacific Northwest.

feathered aides.

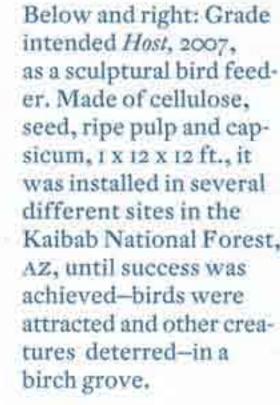


practice of sculptural stagecraft. This move would eventually lead

his work out of the gallery and into the land. Just as Cleave stages

collections, and seemed to be finished within a context of preservation," explains Grade. "But this is an artificial sense of closure. The pieces aren't really finished, and they'll eventually degrade, although there's no longer an opportunity to witness this specific degradation." So he set out to direct and record the private life of aging sculptures, becoming an impresario of entropy. In this regard, Grade's outdoor works can be seen as variants of performance art, rather than as environmental or land art, to which they're often compared. Instead of enlisting his own body as performer, he recruits his crafted surrogates to be ravaged by nature, and then presents the aftermath for public display.

Such is the story of Collector, 2006-8, Grade's breakthrough work. A wooden armature resembling a pair of large tusks, Collector, as the title implies, was designed to glean data from the wild. The sculpture's itinerary included 16 months of submersion in a Pacific Coast bay, where it gathered seaweed, oysters and other marine life. It was then transported to the southern Utah desert, where birds could feast on the aquatic crust and the sun could roast it dry. Following the structure's secluded adventures, it was put on exhibit with documentary photos so viewers could fathom the de-evolution



Grade's outdoor works can be seen as variants

or land art, to which they're often compared.

of performance art, rather than as environmental

Instead of enlisting his own body as performer,

he recruits his crafted surrogates to be ravaged

by nature, and then presents the aftermath for

public display.

STORYBY

Left: John Grade

Above: Collector.

2006-8, wood, 8 x

sion in the bay.

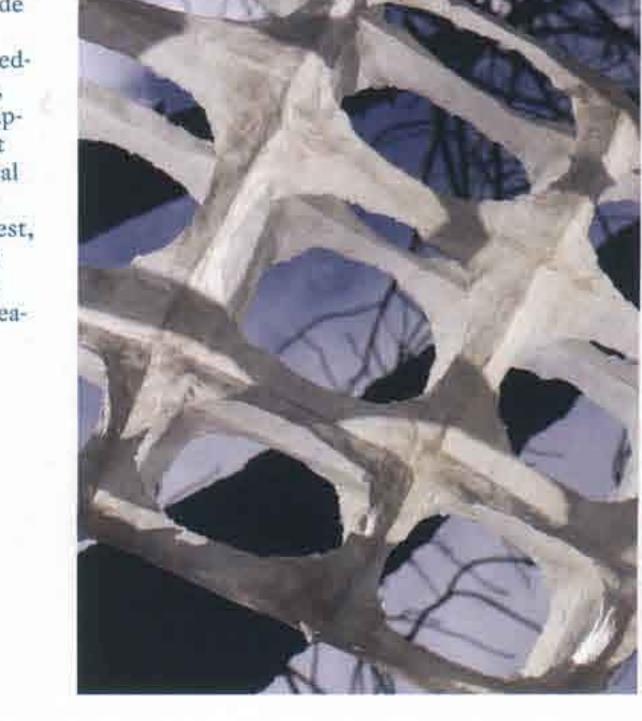
72 x 78 in., during its 16 months of submer-

Bay, WA.

carrying his sculpture

Collector into Willapa

Suzanne Ramljak



of the form. Henceforth, Grade would create sculptural protagonists that would brave the elements and return with tales writ large on their plundered bodies. Collector also represented a new para-

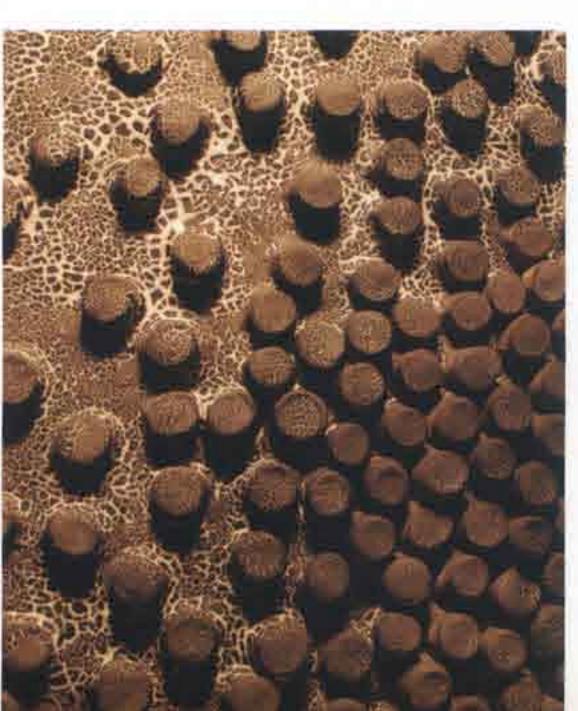
digm for Grade: nature became a collaborator, not just a muse for his art. In keeping with this altered modus operandi, Grade also changed his criteria for creative success. A successful work was no longer one that fit a preset formal notion. Control was now commingled with chance. As Grade explained about a recent project, "It will be a success when there is evidence of a compelling balance between what I have anticipated and chance events that affect the work in unexpected ways." He takes pleasure in predicting how forms will respond to a given context and whether their course will unfold as imagined. "You let go of a certain amount of control, just not all of it," Grade concedes.

The artist's revised recipe for success was tested by his next nature-based work, Host, 2007. The ratio of intent and accident in Host was less than desirable, requiring adjustments during its wilderness stint. A circular structure, 12 feet in diameter, was cast in cellulose and covered with seeds to form a sculptural feeder. Grade envisioned birds as co-conspirators, who would destroy the piece as it dispensed its fare. During its first two sitings in an Arizona forest, Host proved more attractive to insects and rodents. In its third>

oct/nov 10 american craft o55



ing concave and convex panels. Visitors could nestle in the over-life-size chambers, which offered the shelter of shallow caves. Constructed of numerous contoured slabs, each given a varied surface of nodes, they nonetheless lock together Above, below and opposite: Grade's latest to form a coherent whole. Within the work, Circuit, 2010, gallery, these handsome structures seemed glazed ceramic bonded expectant and hushed, waiting in the with gypsum-based polymer to corn-based resin embedded with marine netting, 9 x 24 x 24 ft., will have an indoor and outdoor life. First shown at the Cynthia Reeves Gallery in New York City, the five-ton sculpture



o56 american craft oct/nov 10

for a year.

wings before their grand performance in the larger world. In keeping with Grade's own evolution, Circuit expanded the variables of his artistic approach. For the first time, a portion of his sculpture will be held back from the wild and retained for comparative purposes. Grade aims to pursue this avenue further, exploring the effect of multiple sites, rather than just one or two settings, upon the same form. In the case of Circuit, the eight main units will be set at different elevations and in opposing directions. Each piece will be given a distinctive locale, enacting Grade's notion that "even the slightest variance in context can have such a huge impact." will be exhibited in When speaking with Grade, it soon becomes clear that his fa-Seattle before being placed in different sites on a mountain in the Washington Cascades

vorite word is "anticipate," a term that assumes near-philosophical overtones. Anticipation is Grade's preferred state of mind and . one that he seeks to arouse in beholders: "When I present these structures before they go into the wild, especially if shown alongside projects that have already been exposed to the elements, it is an interesting exercise for viewers to anticipate and predict what will happen next." Grade's choreographed suspense would ideally spur us to realize that nothing is "finished" and everything changes, however minutely. We just need to keep attuned to these subtle developments. And we must surely stay tuned for Circuit: The Sequel and for future episodes of Grade's gripping saga of sculptural form enduring the forces of entropy... +

Suzanne Ramljak, a writer, curator and art historian, is currently editor of Metalsmith magazine.

